



Extension

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON

Provided to you by:

Citronella Ants

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Citronella ants (*Acanthomyops interjectus*), also known as larger yellow ants, nest in moist soil along or under foundations. These ants feed on aphid honeydew and have no interest in human food. You may find Citronella ants when digging in the soil or when large numbers of winged reproductive forms of these ants (called swarmers) show up along cement walls or floors. Winged forms are most often seen in early spring (March and April) and in late September to October. They can be reddish to dark brown in color. Worker forms of Citronella ants are yellow to brownish-yellow in color. Citronella ants give off a distinctive lemon or citronella odor when crushed. The odor can be used to identify this species.



Citronella ants. Reproductive ants or swarmers (left). Worker and winged ants (right).

Control: Because Citronella ants are only a nuisance when they swarm, chemical controls are typically neither needed nor recommended. Citronella ants will not respond to normal ant baits. Outdoor nests can be drenched with landscape sprays, but such treatments are hard to justify. Because swarming only lasts for three to four days, the easiest and most environmentally friendly control method is to vacuum up winged forms as they appear. To prevent Citronella ants from entering your home, caulk or otherwise seal any cracks or openings that might serve as entry points.

For more information on Citronella ants: Contact your county Extension agent.

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A complete inventory of University of Wisconsin Garden Facts is available at the University of Wisconsin-Madison Division of Extension Plant Disease Diagnostics Clinic website: <https://pddc.wisc.edu>.